

Ancient Rome & The Origin of Christianity

**Outcome: Byzantium:
The New Rome**



Constructive Response Questions

6. Citing specific examples, what factors allowed Byzantium to prosper while the west floundered?



What will we learn?

1. What was Byzantium?
2. Emperor Justinian
3. The Eastern Orthodox Church

Byzantium: The New Rome

1. Setting the Stage

- a. Due to [Germanic Invasions](#), the Western Roman Empire had collapsed
- b. For nearly [1,000](#) years after the collapse of the Western Empire, [Byzantium](#) in the east would continue to thrive and build upon its Roman foundations





Byzantium

Byzantium: The New Rome

2. **Why was Byzantium called The New Rome?**
 - a. Simple: it was Roman
 - b. Byzantium had Roman emperors, architecture, culture, and Christianity
 - c. Byzantine emperors ruled with absolute power- head of church as well
 - d. There were differences such as they spoke Greek instead of Latin

THE
NEW
ROME



Byzantium: The New Rome

3. Why was Byzantium wealthier?

- a. Byzantium was located in the middle of several trade routes that allowed it to prosper
- b. Weren't prone to the Germanic attacks like the Western Empire



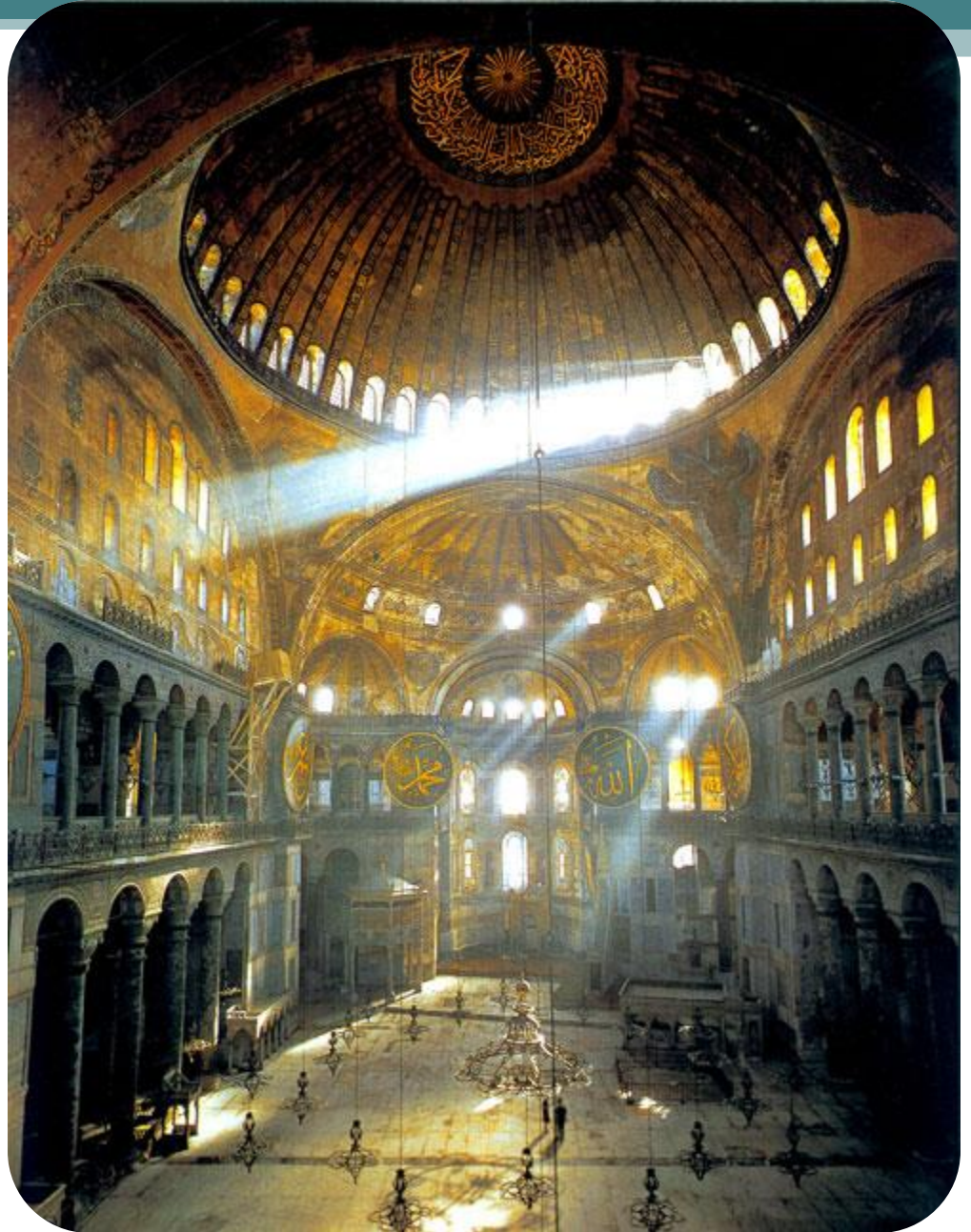
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4. Emperor Justinian

- a. Takes control of the Byzantium in **527** AD
- b. Set up the **Justinian Code**: uniform set of laws created from outdated **Roman laws**
 - i. Contained **5,000** Roman laws still considered useful
 - ii. Broken up into **4 works** (The Code, The Digest, The institutes, the Novellae)
- c. Built many churches including the **Hagia Sophia**, hailed as the most splendid church in **Christian** world
- d. **Plagues** and **attacks** cause the Byzantine Empire to fall after death of Justinian

The Hagia Sophia



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5. A Christian Empire

- a. Christianity had spread since the height of the Roman Empire
- b. Emperor Constantine issued the Edict of Milan that made Christianity legal
- c. The Church Divides in 1054
 - i. Roman Catholicism in the West
 1. Services conducted in Latin
 2. The Pope has authority of all other bishops
 3. Priests cannot marry



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ii. Eastern Orthodox Church in the East

1. Services conducted in Greek or local languages
2. The Patriarch and other bishop head the Church as a group
3. Priests may be married



Byzantium: The New Rome

- **Result: The Roman Empire dwindled into oblivion allowing the [Middle Ages](#) to begin. However, in the east Byzantium held on for a few more centuries, which resulted in a [split](#) in Christianity and eventually would set up a bigger conflict: [Christianity vs. Islam](#).**

THE MIDDLE AGES
Crusades

Crusader Routes

The Major Crusades

1096 - First Crusade - The Christian crusades began with the First Crusade, which was launched in 1096 by Pope Urban II. The crusaders set out to recapture the Holy Land from the Muslims.

1099 - Second Crusade - The Second Crusade was launched in 1099 by Pope Urban II. The crusaders set out to recapture the Holy Land from the Muslims.

1189 - Third Crusade - The Third Crusade was launched in 1189 by Pope Urban II. The crusaders set out to recapture the Holy Land from the Muslims.

1270 - Ninth Crusade - The Ninth Crusade was launched in 1270 by Pope Urban II. The crusaders set out to recapture the Holy Land from the Muslims.

1271 - Tenth Crusade - The Tenth Crusade was launched in 1271 by Pope Urban II. The crusaders set out to recapture the Holy Land from the Muslims.

1272 - Eleventh Crusade - The Eleventh Crusade was launched in 1272 by Pope Urban II. The crusaders set out to recapture the Holy Land from the Muslims.

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